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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/614,522	07/01/2003		Banning Lary	1859.002	7646
7590 08/25/2004			EXAMINER		
Michael A. Sl		•	GROSZ, ALEXANDER		
McHale & Slavin, P.A. 2855 PGA Boulevard				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410				3673	
				3673	

DATE MAILED: 08/25/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summan	10/614,522	LARY ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Alexander Grosz	3673						
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwithin the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
Status								
1) $\boxtimes$ Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\frac{2}{2}$	<u>}</u> .							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims								
4) $\triangle$ Claim(s) $1 - \frac{1}{2}$ is/are pending in the application	n.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-7 is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>├─</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	•							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.						
Attachment(s)	<b>4</b> □ 1	(DTO 442)						
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te						
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	o) □ Otiler							

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-4, drawn to a bolster, classified in class 5, subclass 634.
- II. Claims 5-7, drawn to a patient treating method, classified in class 128, subclass 845.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because:

Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product of Group I could be used to support a healthy user for watching T.V.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Ms. Davis on 8/5/04 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of I, claims 1-4. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 5-7 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim

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remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Number 7 is confusingly used on page 3, line 20, and page 4, lines 11, to identify what appear to be different elements, and on page 4, line 10, "members" should be changed to -member-. Correction is required.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3, 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

From claim 3, lines 6 and 9 it is not clear what a "parallel relationship" is, and how it is achieved.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, and as best understood, claims 3, 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hammock (note frictional, non slip cover 18), teaching applicant's basic device, but not the hinged (26) connection at the end of element 14, with element 24, in view of Ponten et al or Messer, both teaching a hinged connection at the end of an inclined body supporting element.

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It would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have positioned hinged 26 at an "end" of back portion, instead from what appears to be a "spaced" portion, because Ponten et al and Messer recognize the desirability of "end" connection, in similar devices, in order to adjustably and securely support a user's back.

Strauss (note covers "k") and Winter (note ratchets "b") are cited as relevant art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Alex Grosz at telephone number 703-308-2498.

Grosz/vs August 18, 2004 ALEXANDER GROSZ PRIMARY EXAMINER